

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): A method of examining a sample by means of mass spectrometry,

~~according to which method~~comprising the steps of:

- ~~the solution comprising the sample to be examined is vaporised in a vaporiser~~vaporizing in a vaporizer, the solution comprising the sample to be examined;
- ~~the vaporised sample solution is sprayed, using a gas flow~~spraying the vaporized solution using a gas flow, into a corona discharge zone, where the sample to be examined is ionised using a corona discharge
~~-ionizing the sample to be examined, using a corona discharge, to generate gas phase ions; and~~
- ~~the ions are separated and directed~~separating the gas phase ions and directing them to a detector, wherein
~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d-b-y~~
- ~~using a the~~vaporiser which is fabricated as a micromechanical structure.

2. (currently amended): A method according to Claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d-i-n-t-h-a-t-a~~
wherein the vaporiser is used ~~which comprises~~includes flow channel networks for the solution and for ~~the a~~ carrier gas possibly used for the feeding of the solution, as well as a heater ~~of the vaporiser, which are all~~all of which are included in a monolithic structure.

3. (currently amended): A method according to Claim 2, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d-i-n-t-h-a-t~~
wherein the flow channel networks are dimensioned so that the volume of the liquid flow passing
through them is less than 100 $\mu\text{l/min}$, ~~most suitably less than 10 $\mu\text{l/min}$.~~

4. (currently amended): A method according to Claim 2, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d-i-n-t-h-a-t~~
wherein the vaporiser is used which comprises includes a vaporising zone and a corona discharge
zone, both of which are integrated into a single micromechanical structure.

5. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d-i-n-t-h-a-t~~
wherein the micromechanical structure is used which comprises includes flow channel networks
designed for one or more wafers, and a heater.

6. (currently amended): A method according to Claim 5, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d-i-n-t-h-a-t~~
wherein the method is carried out by a structure is used which comprises:
a substrate wafer in which flow channel networks for gases and liquids are formed, and
a cover wafer, attached to the substrate wafer in which a heater for vaporising the sample
solution, is patterned.

7. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d-i-n-t-h-a-t~~
vaporised sample solution is ionised with a corona discharge in the presence of air, at normal
atmospheric pressure further comprising ionizing, with a corona discharge in the presence of air,
at a normal atmospheric pressure, the vaporized sample solution.

8. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~characterized in that~~
wherein the corona discharge zone ~~comprises~~ includes a needle-shaped electrode, which is
connected to a voltage which is so high in relation to ~~the~~ a curtain plate of the mass spectrometer
that the electric field strength, at least in the immediate vicinity of the tip, exceeds the corona
discharge threshold of air.

9. (currently amended): A method according to Claim 8, ~~characterized in that~~
wherein the potential of the needle-shaped electrode in relation to ~~the~~ a curtain plate is at least 1
kV, and the maximum electric field strength near the tip of the electrode is approximately 50
kV/mm.

10. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~characterized in that~~
further comprising the step of examining polar compounds, non-polar compounds, neutral
compounds or ionic compounds ~~are examined~~, and the sample to be examined is dissolved in a
polar or non-polar solvent, used as the eluent, to generate the sample solution.

11. (currently): A method according to Claim 10, ~~characterized in that~~ further
comprising the step of examining the compounds ~~are examined~~, the molar masses of which are at
most 2000 Da, ~~most suitably at most 1000 Da~~.

12. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~characterized in~~
that further comprising the step of feeding the flow of liquid of the sample to be examined ~~is set~~

at a value which is lower than approximately 10 $\mu\text{l}/\text{min}$, and the flow of ~~the~~ a carrier gas used for feeding the sample is set at a value which is at least approximately 50 $\mu\text{l}/\text{min}$.

13. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d i-n t-h-a-t~~ further comprising the step of ionizing the sample is ionised using the Atmospheric Pressure Chemical Ionization (APCI) method.

14. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d i-n t-h-a-t~~ further comprising the step of bringing in essentially perpendicular to the flow direction of the sample the gas flow used for the injection is brought in essentially perpendicular to the flow direction of the sample.

15. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d i-n t-h-a-t~~ further comprising the step of feeding the gas flow into the device in the flow direction of the vaporized sample solution, before and around a feed opening of the vaporized sample solution the gas flow is fed into the device in the flow direction of the liquid and before the feed opening of the liquid.

16. (currently amended): A method according to Claim 14, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d i-n t-h-a-t~~ further comprising the step of feeding the gas flow is fed through one a feed opening, in order to distribute the gas flow around the liquid flow comprising the vaporized sample solution, and, as a result, a homogeneous mixture is achieved.

17. (currently amended): An apparatus for examining a sample by means of mass spectrometry, comprising

- a vaporiser for vaporising ~~the~~ a solution comprising the sample to be examined,
- a corona discharge device, connected to the vaporiser, in which the sample to be examined is ionised according to the Atmospheric Pressure Chemical Ionization (APCI) method, to generate charged particles,
- a detector, connected to the corona discharge device, to detect charged particles, and
- means for directing the charged particles, using electric and/or magnetic fields, from the corona discharge device to a detector, and
~~characterized in that~~
- the vaporiser is fabricated as a micromechanical structure.

18. (currently amended): An apparatus according to Claim 17, ~~characterized in that~~ further comprising:

the vaporiser ~~comprises~~ includes flow channel networks for the solution and for a carrier gas ~~possibly~~ used for feeding the solution, and a heater of the vaporiser, which are all included in a monolithic structure of the micromechanical structure.

19. (currently amended): An apparatus according to Claim 18, ~~characterized in that~~ wherein the flow channel networks are dimensioned so that the volume of the liquid flow passing through them is less than 100 µl/min, ~~most suitably less than 10 µl/min.~~

20. (currently amended): An apparatus according to Claim 18, ~~characterized in~~
~~that the~~ further comprising:

said vaporiser comprises ~~includes~~ a vaporising zone and a corona discharge zone, which
are integrated into a ~~the~~ single micromechanical structure to form a combined vaporiser and
corona discharge device.

21. (currently amended): An apparatus according to claim 17, ~~characterized in~~
~~that it comprises~~ further comprising:

said micromechanical structure includes a monolithic block which is formed of two or
more parts which are connected to each other.

22. (currently amended): An apparatus according to Claim 21, ~~characterized in~~
~~that~~ further comprising:

the monolithic block comprises a silicon wafer in which flow channel networks for gases
and liquid sample are formed, and a glass plate in which a heater for vaporising the sample
solution is formed.

23. (currently amended): An apparatus according to Claim 21, ~~characterized in~~
~~that~~ further comprising:

the monolithic block ~~comprises~~ includes a glass plate in which flow channel networks for
gases and liquid are formed, and a silicon wafer in which a heater for vaporising the sample
solution is formed.

24. (currently amended): An apparatus according to claim 17, ~~characterized in that~~ further comprising:

the corona discharge device ~~comprises~~ includes a needle-shaped electrode, which is connected to a potential which is so high in relation to ~~the~~ a curtain plate of the mass spectrometer that the electric field strength, at least in the immediate vicinity of the tip of the electrode, exceeds the corona discharge threshold of air.

25. (currently amended): An apparatus according to Claim 24, ~~characterized in that~~ wherein the potential of the needle-shaped electrode in relation to ~~the~~ a curtain plate ~~can be~~ is set at a value which is at least 1 kV, and the maximum strength of the electric field near the tip of the electrode ~~can be~~ is set at least at approximately 50 kV/mm, ~~at least~~.

26. (currently amended): An apparatus according to claim 17, ~~characterized in that~~ it further comprising:

the micromechanical structure is fabricated entirely as a glass structure.

27. (currently amended): An apparatus according to claim ~~17~~ 18, ~~characterized in that~~ further comprising:

the flow channel system of the carrier gas used for feeding the solution is connected to a feed nozzle of the gas, which nozzle is located upstream in the flow direction of the vaporized sample solution and through which gas can be fed into the device essentially perpendicular to the flow direction of the sample solution.

28. (currently amended): A device according to Claim 27, ~~characterized in that~~
further comprising:

the gas flow fed through the feed ~~opening can be~~ nozzle is distributed before and around
a vaporized solution feed nozzle of the flow channel system of the solution networks in order to
achieve a homogeneous mixture.

29. (currently amended): A device according to claim 17, ~~characterized in that~~
further comprising:

the heater ~~comprises~~ includes heating resistors, the foreparts of which are made wide in
order to decrease the flow resistance and which are made narrow only near the mixing zone of
gas and liquid, where they act as heating resistors and form the actual heating zone.

30. (canceled).

31. (canceled).

32. (canceled).

33. (new): The method according to claim 10, further comprising the step of examining
the compounds, the molar masses of which are at most 1000 Da.

34. (new): An apparatus for examining a sample by means of mass spectrometry,
comprising

- a vaporiser for vaporising a solution comprising the sample to be examined,
- a corona discharge device, connected to the vaporiser, in which the sample to be examined is ionised according to the Atmospheric Pressure Chemical Ionization (APCI) method, to generate charged particles,
- a detector, connected to the corona discharge device, to detect charged particles, and
- means for directing the charged particles, using electric or magnetic fields, from the corona discharge device to a detector, and
- the vaporiser is fabricated as a micromechanical structure.

35. (new): The apparatus of Claim 17, further comprising:

said flow channel system includes wedge-shaped guides which form a tapering hole at a discharge end.

36. (new): A method according to Claim 2, wherein the flow channel networks are dimensioned so that the volume of the liquid flow passing through them is less than 10 $\mu\text{l}/\text{min}$.

37. (new): An apparatus according to Claim 18, wherein the flow channel networks are dimensioned so that the volume of the liquid flow passing through them is less than 10 $\mu\text{l}/\text{min}$.